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## avahi 0.6.32

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## **boost\_1\_58\_0 1\_58\_0**

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## bridge-utils 1.5

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## busybox 1.25.1

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.  
jseward@bzip.org  
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

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## curl 7.66.0

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## dropbear 2020.80

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Contributors (alphabetical order)

Daniel J. Bernstein, University of Illinois at Chicago and Technische Universiteit Eindhoven  
Bernard van Gastel, Radboud Universiteit Nijmegen  
Wesley Janssen, Radboud Universiteit Nijmegen  
Tanja Lange, Technische Universiteit Eindhoven  
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**ebtables-v2.0.10-4 2.0.10-4**

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## fstools 2016-01-10

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## fwknop 2.6.9

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## gcc-linaro-4.8-2014.04 4.8-linaro

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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### GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all

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## iproute2 4.0.0

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## iptables 1.4.21

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## jansson 2.7

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## json-c 0.12

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## jsoncpp 1.9.2

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## libdaemon 0.14

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## libiwinfo 2015-06-01

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## **libmicroxml 2015-03-18**

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That's all there is to it!

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## libnfnlink 1.0.1

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```
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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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## libnl 3.2.21

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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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## libnl-tiny 0.1

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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## libpcap 1.5.3

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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## libstrophe 0.9.2

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```

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## linux 4.4.60

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## **mtd 21**

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## netifd 2015-12-16

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The following individuals contributed in part to the Network Time Protocol Distribution Version 4 and are acknowledged as authors of this work.

1. [1]Takao Abe <takao\_abe@urb.jp> Clock driver for JJY receivers
2. [2]Mark Andrews <mark\_andrews@isc.org> Leitch atomic clock controller
3. [3]Bernd Altmeier <altmeier@atlssoft.de> hopf Elektronik serial line and PCI-bus devices
4. [4]Viraj Bais <vbais@mailman1.intel.com> and [5]Clayton Kirkwood <kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com> port to WindowsNT 3.5
5. [6]Michael Barone <michael.barone@lmco.com> GPSVME fixes
6. [7]Karl Berry <karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com> syslog to file option
7. [8]Greg Brackley <greg.brackley@bigfoot.com> Major rework of WINNT port. Clean up recvbuf and iosignal code into separate modules.
8. [9]Marc Brett <Marc.Brett@westgeo.com> Magnavox GPS clock driver
9. [10]Piete Brooks <Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk> MSF clock driver, Trimble PARSE support
10. [11]Nelson B Bolyard <nelson@bolyard.me> update and complete broadcast and crypto features in sntp
11. [12]Jean-Francois Boudreault <Jean-Francois.Boudreault@viagenie.qc.ca> IPv6 support
12. [13]Reg Clemens <reg@dwf.com> Oncore driver (Current maintainer)
13. [14]Steve Clift <clift@ml.csiro.au> OMEGA clock driver
14. [15]Casey Crellin <casey@csc.co.za> vxWorks (Tornado) port and help with target configuration
15. [16]Sven Dietrich <sven.dietrich@trimble.com> Palisade reference clock driver, NT adj. residuals, integrated Greg's Winnt port.
16. [17]John A. Dundas III <dundas@salt.jpl.nasa.gov> Apple A/UX port
17. [18]Torsten Duwe <duwe@immd4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de> Linux port
18. [19]Dennis Ferguson <dennis@mrbill.canet.ca> foundation code for NTP Version 2 as specified in RFC-1119
19. [20]John Hay <jhay@icomtek.csiro.co.za> IPv6 support and testing
20. [21]Dave Hart <davehart@davehart.com> General maintenance, Windows port interpolation rewrite
21. [22]Claas Hilbrecht <neoclock4x@linum.com> NeoClock4X clock driver
22. [23]Glenn Hollinger <glenn@herald.usask.ca> GOES clock driver
23. [24]Mike Iglesias <iglesias@uci.edu> DEC Alpha port
24. [25]Jim Jagielski <jim@jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov> A/UX port
25. [26]Jeff Johnson <jbj@chatham.usdesign.com> massive prototyping overhaul
26. [27]Hans Lambermont <Hans.Lambermont@nl.origin-it.com> or [28]<H.Lambermont@chello.nl> ntpsweep
27. [29]Poul-Henning Kamp <phk@FreeBSD.ORG> Oncore driver (Original author)
28. [30]Frank Kardel [31]<kardel (at) ntp (dot) org> PARSE <GENERIC> (driver 14 reference clocks), STREAMS modules for PARSE, support scripts, syslog cleanup, dynamic interface handling
29. [32]Johannes Maximilian Kuehn <kuehn@ntp.org> Rewrote sntp to comply with NTPv4 specification, ntpq saveconfig
30. [33]William L. Jones <jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu> RS/6000 AIX modifications, HPUX modifications
31. [34]Dave Katz <dkatz@cisco.com> RS/6000 AIX port
32. [35]Craig Leres <leres@ee.lbl.gov> 4.4BSD port, ppsclock, Magnavox GPS clock driver
33. [36]George Lindholm <lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca> SunOS 5.1 port
34. [37]Louis A. Mamakos <louie@ni.umd.edu> MD5-based authentication
35. [38]Lars H. Mathiesen <thorinn@diku.dk> adaptation of foundation code for Version 3 as specified in RFC-1305
36. [39]Danny Mayer <mayer@ntp.org>Network I/O, Windows Port, Code Maintenance
37. [40]David L. Mills <mills@udel.edu> Version 4 foundation, precision kernel; clock drivers: 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 11, 13, 18, 19, 22, 36
38. [41]Wolfgang Moeller <moeller@gwdgvl.dnet.gwdg.de> VMS port
39. [42]Jeffrey Mogul <mogul@pa.dec.com> ntptrace utility
40. [43]Tom Moore <tmoore@fivel.daytonoh.ncr.com> i386 svr4 port
41. [44]Kamal A Mostafa <kamal@whence.com> SCO OpenServer port
42. [45]Derek Mulcahy <derek@toybox.demon.co.uk> and [46]Damon Hart-Davis <d@hd.org> ARCRON MSF clock driver
43. [47]Rob Neal <neal@ntp.org> Bancomm refclock and config/parse code maintenance
44. [48]Rainer Pruy <Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> monitoring/trap scripts, statistics file handling
45. [49]Dirce Richards <dirce@zk3.dec.com> Digital UNIX V4.0 port
46. [50]Wilfredo Sánchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for NetInfo
47. [51]Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
48. [52]Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
49. [53]Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
50. [54]Michael Shields <shields@tembel.org> USNO clock driver

51. [55]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
  52. [56]Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
  53. [57]Kenneth Stone <ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
  54. [58]Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu>IP multicast/anycast support
  55. [59]Tomoaki TSURUOKA <tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp>TRAK clock driver
  56. [60]Brian Utterback <brian.utterback@oracle.com> General codebase, Solaris issues
  57. [61]Loganaden Velvindron <loganaden@gmail.com> Sandboxing (libseccomp) support
  58. [62]Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
  59. [63]Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD
- 

## References

1. mailto:%20takao\_abe@xurb.jp
2. mailto:%20mark\_andrews@isc.org
3. mailto:%20altmeier@atlssoft.de
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32. mailto:kuehn@ntp.org
33. mailto:%20jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu
34. mailto:%20dkatz@cisco.com
35. mailto:%20leres@ee.lbl.gov
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## openssl 1.1.1t

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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**opkg 9c97d5ecd795709c8584e972bfdf3aee3a5b846d**

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```

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---

## qca-hostap gca8d7d0-dirty

---

wpa\_supplicant and hostapd  
-----

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Source code files were moved around in v0.6.x releases and compared to earlier releases, the programs are now built by first going to a subdirectory (wpa\_supplicant or hostapd) and creating build configuration (.config) and running 'make' there (for Linux/BSD/cygwin builds).

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 */
```

---

## swconfig 10

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## u-boot 2014.10

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## uClibc-ng 1.0.14

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## ubi-utils 1.5.1

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## ubox 2021-08-03

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```

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```
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 *
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 */
```

---

## uci 2019-09-01.1

---

```
/*
 * blob.c - uci <-> blobmsg conversion layer
 * Copyright (C) 2012-2013 Felix Fietkau <nbd@openwrt.org>
 *
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 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
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 */
```

---

## uhttpd 2021-03-21

---

```
/*
 * uhttpd - Tiny single-threaded httpd
 *
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 *
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 */
```

---

## ustream-ssl 2020-03-13-5e1bc342

---

```
/*
 * ustream-ssl - library for SSL over ustream
 *
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 *
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 */
```

---

## util-linux 2.25.2

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```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## wireless\_tools.29 29

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## **zlib 1.2.12**

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### ZLIB DATA COMPRESSION LIBRARY

zlib 1.2.12 is a general purpose data compression library. All the code is thread safe. The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950> (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

All functions of the compression library are documented in the file `zlib.h` (volunteer to write man pages welcome, contact [zlib@gzip.org](mailto:zlib@gzip.org)). A usage example of the library is given in the file `test/example.c` which also tests that the library is working correctly. Another example is given in the file `test/minigzip.c`. The compression library itself is composed of all source files in the root directory.

To compile all files and run the test program, follow the instructions given at the top of `Makefile.in`. In short `./configure; make test`, and if that goes well, `make install` should work for most flavors of Unix. For Windows, use one of the special makefiles in `win32/` or `contrib/vstudio/`. For VMS, use `make_vms.com`.

Questions about zlib should be sent to [<zlib@gzip.org>](mailto:zlib@gzip.org), or to Gilles Vollant [<info@winimage.com>](mailto:info@winimage.com) for the Windows DLL version. The zlib home page is <http://zlib.net/>. Before reporting a problem, please check this site to verify that you have the latest version of zlib; otherwise get the latest version and check whether the problem still exists or not.

PLEASE read the zlib FAQ [http://zlib.net/zlib\\_faq.html](http://zlib.net/zlib_faq.html) before asking for help.

Mark Nelson [<markn@ieee.org>](mailto:markn@ieee.org) wrote an article about zlib for the Jan. 1997 issue of Dr. Dobb's Journal; a copy of the article is available at <http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/>.

The changes made in version 1.2.12 are documented in the file `ChangeLog`.

Unsupported third party contributions are provided in directory contrib/ .

zlib is available in Java using the java.util.zip package, documented at <http://java.sun.com/developer/technicalArticles/Programming/compression/> .

A Perl interface to zlib written by Paul Marquess <pmqs@cpan.org> is available at CPAN (Comprehensive Perl Archive Network) sites, including <http://search.cpan.org/~pmqs/IO-Compress-Zlib/> .

A Python interface to zlib written by A.M. Kuchling <amk@amk.ca> is available in Python 1.5 and later versions, see <http://docs.python.org/library/zlib.html> .

zlib is built into tcl: <http://wiki.tcl.tk/4610> .

An experimental package to read and write files in .zip format, written on top of zlib by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>, is available in the contrib/minizip directory of zlib.

Notes for some targets:

- For Windows DLL versions, please see win32/DLL\_FAQ.txt
- For 64-bit Irix, deflate.c must be compiled without any optimization. With -O, one libpng test fails. The test works in 32 bit mode (with the -n32 compiler flag). The compiler bug has been reported to SGI.
- zlib doesn't work with gcc 2.6.3 on a DEC 3000/300LX under OSF/1 2.1 it works when compiled with cc.
- On Digital Unix 4.0D (formely OSF/1) on AlphaServer, the cc option -std1 is necessary to get gzprintf working correctly. This is done by configure.
- zlib doesn't work on HP-UX 9.05 with some versions of /bin/cc. It works with other compilers. Use "make test" to check your compiler.
- gzdopen is not supported on RISCOS or BEOS.
- For PalmOs, see <http://palmzlib.sourceforge.net/>

Acknowledgments:

The deflate format used by zlib was defined by Phil Katz. The deflate and zlib specifications were written by L. Peter Deutsch. Thanks to all the people who reported problems and suggested various improvements in zlib; they are too numerous to cite here.

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jloup@gzip.org                    madler@alumni.caltech.edu

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